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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/841,943	04/24/2001	Tung Nguyen	06356.P001	6228	
7590 01/11/2006			EXAMINER		
James C. Scheller, Jr.			RYMAN, DANIEL J		
BLAKELY, SO	KOLOFF, TAYLOR &	ZAFMAN LLP			
Seventh Floor			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
12400 Wilshire Boulevard			2665		
Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			DATE MAILED: 01/11/2006		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		09/841,943	NGUYEN ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Daniel J. Ryman	2665				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any (ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Donsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period ver to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N nely filed the mailing date of this communicati D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 N	ovember 2005.					
, —	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
-,-	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4) 又	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,9-16,19-36 and 39-46</u> is/are pending in the application.						
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· —	5)						
•	 ✓ Claim(s) 1.11,21-29,31 and 46 is/are objected to. 						
	Claim(s) 1.77.27-23.57 and 40 listate objected to: Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
	ion Papers	·					
		ar.					
. —	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on 14 November 2005 is/a		ted to by the Examiner				
10)[10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>14 November 2005</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
				(d)			
11)	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
וויי	The dath of declaration is objected to by the E	carminer. Note the attached Office	Action of formal 10 102.				
Priority 1	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received in Applicat	ion No				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	rity documents have been receive	ed in this National Stage				
	application from the International Burea	u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not receive	ed.				
A46-b	440)						
Attachmen	n(s) ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
	2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Infor	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	· parties	Patent Application (PTO-152)				
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6)					

Application/Control Number: 09/841,943 Page 2

Art Unit: 2665

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-6, 9-16, 19-36, and 39-46 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Objections

- 2. Claims 1 and 31 are objected to because of the following informalities: in line 3 of claim 1 and line 5 of claim 31, "said first processor and said second processor" should be "a first processor and a second processor"; in line 7 of claim 1 and line 9 of claim 31, "a first processor" should be "the first processor"; in line 13 of claim 1 and line 15 of claim 31, "a second processor" should be "the second processor"; and in line 19 of claim 1 and line 21 of claim 21, "a host processing system" should be "said host processing system". Appropriate correction is required.
- 3. Claims 11 and 21-29 are objected to because claim 11 contains limitations such as "memory" and "bus" where claims 21-29 contains limitations such as "first memory" and "first bus." It is unclear from the claims whether the "memory" is the "first memory" or a different memory. For the purposes of prior art rejections, Examiner will interpret "first memory" to be "memory." Appropriate correction is required.
- 4. Claim 46 is objected to because of the following informalities: claim 46 depends upon claim 17, which has been canceled by amendment. For the purposes of prior art rejections, Examiner will interpret claim 46 to depend upon claim 11. Appropriate correction is required.

Application/Control Number: 09/841,943 Page 3

Art Unit: 2665

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-6, 9, 10, 31-36, 39-41, 43, and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Muller et al. (USPN 6,389,468), previously presented, in view of Kerr et al. (USPN 6,513,108) in further view of Blount et al. (USPN 5,222,217).
- Regarding claims 1 and 31, Muller discloses a method of processing data which is communicated over a computer network, said method comprising: pre-allocating portions of a memory to said first processor and said second processor (col. 50, line 60-col. 51, line 5) where each processor has its own queue; receiving first packet header data from a first network interface port, processing said first packet header data in a first processor which executes a first network protocol stack, and transmitting first application data associated with said first packet header data to a host processing system (col. 4, lines 7-31; col. 7, lines 1-11; col. 9, lines 25-52; and col. 48, lines 47-56); receiving second packet header data from said first network interface port, processing said second packet header data in a second processor which executes a second network protocol stack, and transmitting second application data associated with said second packet header data to said host processing system (col. 4, lines 7-31; col. 7, lines 1-11; col. 9, lines 25-52; and col. 48, lines 47-56).

Muller further suggests processing of a third packet header data comprising receiving third application data from a host processing system and preparing said third packet header data

Art Unit: 2665

and causing said third application data and said third packet header data to be transmitted over said computer network through said first network interface port (col. 7, lines 7-11); processing of a fourth packet header data comprising receiving fourth application data from said host processing system and preparing said fourth packet header data associated with said fourth application data and causing said fourth application data and said fourth packet header data to be transmitted over said computer network through said first network interface port (col. 7, lines 7-11).

Muller does not expressly disclose synchronizing access to said memory by said first and second processors. However, Muller does disclose having the processors access memory (col. 50, line 47-col. 51, line 17). Kerr teaches, in a multiprocessor system, synchronizing access to said memory by multiple processors in order to eliminate the need for arbitration between the processors for access to the memory. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to synchronize access to said memory by said first and second processors in order to eliminate the need for arbitration between the processors for access to the memory.

Muller in view of Kerr does not expressly disclose maintaining a communication channel between said first processor and said second processor through a message queue. However, Muller in view of Kerr does disclose communication among processors in order to aid in the processing of the packets (Muller: col. 50, line 47-col. 51, line 17). Blount teaches, in a multiprocessor system, that one well-known configuration for communication between processors in a multiprocessor system is a message queue (col. 2, lines 20-26). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to

Art Unit: 2665

maintain a communication channel between said first processor and said second processor through a message queue in order to permit communication between processors in a well-known fashion.

- 8. Regarding claims 2 and 32, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount discloses that the first network protocol stack and said second network protocol stack are separate processing threads (Muller: col. 51, lines 18-38).
- 9. Regarding claims 3 and 33, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount discloses that the separate processing threads each comprise separate operating system software processing logic (Muller: col. 51, lines 18-38).
- 10. Regarding claims 4 and 34, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount discloses that the first network protocol stack and said second network protocol stack use the same network protocols (Muller: col. 6, lines 35-55).
- Regarding claims 5 and 35, Muller discloses that the same network protocols comprise at least one of (a) an Internet Protocol (IP) and (b) a Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) (Muller: col. 4, lines 44-46 and col. 6, lines 43-55).
- 12. Regarding claims 6 and 36, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount discloses that the first group of network packets are associated with a first network session between a host processing system and a first digital processing system and said second group of network packets are associated with a second network session between said host processing system and a second digital processing system (Muller: col. 4, lines 7-31 and col. 13, lines 33-38).
- 13. Regarding claims 9 and 39, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount discloses that the first network interface port comprises an Ethernet interface (Muller: col. 6, lines 43-55).

Art Unit: 2665

- 14. Regarding claims 10 and 40, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount discloses that the first group of network packets are assigned to said first processor through a programmable hashing operation on said first group of network packets and wherein said second group of network packets are assigned to said second processor through said programmable hashing operation (Muller: col. 4, lines 19-31).
- 15. Regarding claims 41 and 43, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount discloses that the first network protocol stack and said second network protocol stack use different network protocols (Muller: col. 10, lines 53-61).
- 16. Regarding claim 44, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount suggests processing a third group of network packets in said first processor which executes said first network protocol stack, said third group of network packets being communicated through a second network interface port. Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount discloses processing a group of network packets in a first processor which executes a first network protocol stack, where the group of network packets being communicated through a second network interface port (Muller: col. 4, lines 7-31). Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount also discloses that the network device can have multiple ports (Muller: col. 6, lines 63-67 and col. 6, lines 16-19). Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount further discloses that a processor that does not have work to do will be idle (Muller: col. 51, lines 18-30). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to process a third group of network packets in said first processor which executes said first network protocol stack, said third group of network packets being communicated through a second network interface port in order to ensure that each processor is efficiently used such that the processor is not idle.

Art Unit: 2665

17. Claims 11-16, 19, 20-30, 42, 45, and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Muller et al. (USPN 6,389,468), previously presented, in view of Kerr et al. (USPN 6,513,108) in further view of Blount et al. (USPN 5,222,217) in further view of Sinks et al. (USPN 5,206,935), previously presented.

Regarding claim 11, incorporating the rejection of claims 1 and 31, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount discloses each limitation of claim 11, as outlined in the rejection of claims 1 and 31, except coupling a DMA engine and a control queue to said network interface port and said host interface port and using a bus to interconnect the various components in the device. However, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount further discloses a DMA engine and a control queue coupled to said network interface port and said host interface port (Muller: col. 53, lines 35-45 and col. 55, lines 7-20).

In addition, while Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount does not expressly disclose that a bus is used to couple the various components, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount does disclose the use of a bus in the system (Muller: col. 50, lines 46-54). Sinks teaches, in a multi-processor system, coupling the components of a multi-processing system using a bus (col. 1, lines 31-33; col. 1, line 68-col. 2, line 3; and col. 4, lines 37-48) where "coupled" includes direct and indirect coupling. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to couple the various components using a bus since this is well known in multi-processor systems.

19. Regarding claims 12-16, 19, 20, 42, and 45, incorporating the rejection of claims 2-6, 9, 10, 32-36, 39, 40, 41, 43, and 44, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further

Art Unit: 2665

view of Sinks discloses each of the limitations of claims 12-16, 19, 20, 42, and 45, as seen in the rejections of claims 2-6, 9, 10, 32-36, 39, 40, 41, 43, and 44.

Page 8

- Regarding claim 21, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses that a first bus coupled to the first processor and to the second processor and to the network interface port (Muller: col. 4, lines 7-31 and col. 7, lines 1-11 and Sinks: col. 1, lines 31-33; col. 1, line 68-col. 2, line 3; and col. 4, lines 37-48); a first memory coupled to said first bus (Muller: ref. 116: queue); a first memory controller (Muller: ref. 104: IPP) coupled to the first memory, at least a portion of said first group of network packets and a portion of said second group of network packets being stored in said first memory (Muller: col. 8, lines 23-32).
- Regarding claim 22, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks suggests a host bus interface coupled to said first bus; a second bus coupled to said host bus interface; a second memory coupled to said second bus; a second memory controller coupled to said second bus and to said second memory; a host processor coupled to said second bus and to said second memory (Muller: col. 4, lines 7-31 and col. 7, lines 1-11 and Sinks: col. 1, lines 31-33; col. 1, line 68-col. 2, line 3; and col. 4, lines 37-48) in order to increase the number of ports connected to the host bus.
- 22. Regarding claim 23, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses that the first processor, said second processor, said first bus and said first memory controller are all fabricated on a single integrated circuit (Sinks: col. 5, lines 5-9).
- 23. Regarding claim 24, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses that before said first processor executes said first network protocol stack to process said first group of network packets, said portion of said first group is stored in said first

Art Unit: 2665

memory (packet queue) (Muller: col. 55, lines 7-39). Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses also discloses the use of a first direct memory access (DMA) operation to transfer data to a memory (Muller: col. 55, lines 7-20 and Sinks: col. 2, lines 34-39). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to use a DMA to transfer the data to the first memory since DMA is used to transfer data to a memory.

Page 9

- 24. Regarding claim 25, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses that after said first processor executes said first network protocol stack to process said first group, said portion of said first group is stored in said second memory (buffers in host memory) through a second DMA operation (Muller: col. 55, lines 7-39).
- 25. Regarding claim 26, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses that the portion of said first group and said portion of said second group are stored in said first memory in pre-allocated portions of said first memory (Muller: col. 8, lines 23-32 and col. 55, lines 7-20).
- Regarding claim 27, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses first dispatch logic coupled to said network interface port and to said first bus, said first dispatch logic assigning said first group to said first processor through a programmable hashing operation on said first group (Muller: col. 4, lines 19-31).
- 27. Regarding claim 28, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses that the first dispatch logic assigns said second group to said second processor through a programmable hashing operation (Muller: col. 4, lines 19-31).

Art Unit: 2665

Regarding claim 29, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses second dispatch logic coupled to said first bus and to said host bus interface, said second dispatch logic assigning packets from said second bus to one of said first processor or said second processor (Muller: col. 4, lines 19-31).

Page 10

- 29. Regarding claim 30, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses that the first processor and said second processor are general purpose, programmable processors (Muller: col. 51, lines 19-51).
- 30. Regarding claim 46, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks suggests that said first processor and said second processor are coupled to a further host processing system. Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks discloses that the processor is used to transfer packets from the network interface to the host (Muller: col. 7, lines 1-11). Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks also discloses that the host system can become "overburdened" with packets (Muller: col. 3, lines 12-14 and col. 3, lines 44-50). Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks further discloses that the distributing processing can yield processing gains (Muller: col. 3, lines 30-43). Thus, Muller in view of Kerr in further view of Blount in further view of Sinks suggests coupling the first processor and the second processor to a further host processing system in order to ensure that the host processing system can handle the high traffic loads of a fast interface.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel J. Ryman whose telephone number is (571)272-3152. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Fri. 7:00-4:30 with every other Friday off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Huy Vu can be reached on (571)272-3155. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 09/841,943 Page 12

Art Unit: 2665

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M

Daniel J. Ryman Examiner Art Unit 2665

HUY D. VU SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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